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Reg. No. :	
Name :	



Fifth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, December 2023

First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

Mathematics

Core Course

MM 1544 - DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

(2018 Admission Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

SECTION - I

Answer all the questions.

- 1. Define order of an ordinary differential equation.
- 2. Give an example for an exact differential equation.
- 3. Integrating factor of Mdx + Ndy = 0 is ______
- 4. A first-order ordinary differential equation is . if it can be brought into the form y' + p(x)y = r(x).
- 5. Define an autonomous ordinary differential equation.
- 6. Give an example for homogenous linear order differential equation of second order.
- 7. Find a general solution of equation y'' y = 0.

- 8. Define singular solution of a differential equation.
- 9. Find the wronskian of e^x and e^{-x} .
- 10. Verify that the function $y = 2(1 + \cos x)$ is a solution of y'' + y = 2.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - II

Answer any eight questions.

- 11. Solve y' = -2xy, y(0) = 1.8.
- 12. Solve $2xydx + x^2dy = 0$.
- 13. Verify the differential equation $\cos(x+y)dx + (3y^2 + 2y + \cos(x+y))dy = 0$ is exact or not.
- 14. Find an equation of a curve with x-interpret 1 and whose tangent line at an point (x,y) has slope xe^y .
- 15. Find a general solution of y' y = 5.2.
- 16. Verify by substitution that the functions $y = \cos x$ and $y = \sin x$ are solutions of the differential equation y'' + y = 0.
- 17. Solve y'' 4y = 0.
- 18. Find a differential equation of the form y'' + ay' + by = 0 for which the function e^{2x} , e^{-2x} form a basis.
- 19. Solve $x^2y'' 2y = 0$.
- 20. Check whether the functions x + 4, -3x 12(x > 0) are linearly dependent or not.
- 21. Find $(D-3I)^2 e^{-x}$.
- 22. Find a second-order homogenous linear ordinary differential equation for which $y = A \cos 5x + B \sin 5x$ is a general solution.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - III

Answer any six questions.

- 23. Solve $2xy \ y' = y^2 x^2$.
- 24. Under what conditions for the constants a, b, k, l is (ax + by) dx + (kx + ly) dy = 0 exact? Solve the exact ordinary differential equation.
- 25. Solve the initial value problem $y' + y \tan x = \sin 2x$, y(0) = 1.
- 26. Find the orthogonal trajectories of family of ellipses $\frac{1}{2}x^2 + y^2 = c$.
- 27. Show that for a second order homogenous linear differential equation, any linear combination of two solutions on an open interval I is again a solution of the differential equation on I.
- 28. Solve the initial value problem y'' 3y' 4y = 0, y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 1.
- 29. Find a general solution of $y'' + 5y' + 6y = 2e^{-x}$.
- 30. Factor $P(D) = D^2 3D 40I$ and solve P(D)y = 0.
- 31. Solve $x^2y'' 5xy' + 9y = 0$.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - IV

Answer any two questions.

- 32. (a) Find an integrating factor and solve the initial value problem $(e^{x+y} + ye^y) + (xe^y 1)dy = 0$, y(0) = 1.
 - (b) Solve $(-\sin x \tan y + 1)dx + \cos x \sec^2 y dy = 0$.
- 33. (a) Solve $y' + y = -\frac{x}{y}$.
 - (b) Solve $y' = (y + 4x)^2$.

- 34. (a) Find a general solution of $y'' + 4y' + 4y = e^{-x} \cos x$.
 - (b) Find a general solution of $y'' + 3y' + 2y = 12x^2$.
- 35. (a) Solve $y'' + y = \sec x$.
 - (b) Solve the non homogenous linear ordinary differential equation by variation of parameters $y'' 4y' + 5y = e^{2x} \csc x$.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

