Reg. No.:	
Name :	



# Second Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, September 2023 First Degree Programme under CBCSS

## Chemistry

Complementary Course for Physics and Geology

CH 1231,1/CH 1231,2 : PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY I

(2017 - 2019 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

#### SECTION - A

(Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark)

- Write Gibbs Helmholtz equation.
- 2. What is the value of free energy change at equilibrium?
- 3. What do you mean by Intrinsic energy?
- 4. What are exothermic reactions?
- Name the law which helps to calculate the bond dissociation energy.
- 6. What are reversible reactions?
- 7. Is the dissociation of PCI<sub>5</sub> endothermic or exothermic reaction?
- 8. Write an example each for lewis acid and lewis base.
- 9. What do you mean by degree of hydrolysis of salt?
- 10. Give an example for neutral buffer.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

P.T.O.





- (Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks) One mole of an ideal gas at 25°C is allowed to expand isothermally and reversibly from a volume of 20 L to 40 L. Calculate the work done by the gas.
- 12. What are intrinsic and extrinsic properties?
- 13. The enthalpy change for the conversion of a liquid to its vapour is 75.8 kJ/mol. calculate the entropy change if the boiling point of the liquid is 150°C.
- 14. Calculate the enthalpy change for the combustion of methane given the formation of methane, carbondioxide and water are-74.8 kJ/mol, -393.5kJ/mol and -286.2kJ/mol respectively.
- What is Kirchoff equation? What are the terms involved in it?
- Calculate the difference between heat of reaction at constant pressure and constant volume for the combustion of ethane at 25°C in kJ/mol.
- 17. Explain Lechatelier principle.
- 18. What is isochoric process?
- Calculate the equilibrium constant of a reaction at 25°C whose free energy
- 20. Calculate the pH of 0.02 M  $H_2SO_4$  at 25°C.
- 21. Write the Henderson equation and what are the terms involved in it.
- Explain the determination of pH by potentiometry method. 22.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION - C

(Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 mark)

- Explain the spontaneous process on the basis of free energy change.
- Define enthalpy and entropy. Write down their unit. 24.
- 25. State and explain second law of thermodynamics.
- 26. Explain (a) enthalpy of neutralisation and (b) enthalpy of hydration.

- Discuss on the variation of heat of reaction with temperature.
- Discuss the effect of temperature on the formation of ammonia. 28.
- Explain how the dissociation of PCI<sub>5</sub> is related with pressure. 29.
- Explain in detail levelling effect. 30.
- Discuss the mechanism of action of acidic buffer. 31.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### SECTION - D

(Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks)

- State and explain first law of thermodynamics. Write its mathematical form. 32. What are its limitations?
  - Derive Cp Cv = R

7

State and explain Hess's law. What are its applications? 33. (a)

10

Explain (i) Enthalpy of formation and (ii) Enthalpy of combustion (b)

5

Define Kp and Kc. Derive the relation between Kp and Kc. (a) 34.

Discuss the relation between free energy change and equilibrium constant . (b)

8

Explain in detail the different concepts of acids and bases. 35. (a)

10

Derive the relation between Kw and Kh for the salt of strong acid and weak (b) base.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 



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