| Reg. | No. | : | <br> | <br> |  |
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# Second Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, September 2023

# First Degree Programme under CBCSS

### Chemistry

## **Complementary Course for Physics**

### CH 1231.1: PHYSICAL AND INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY

(2020 Admission Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

#### SECTION - A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark

- 1. State first law of thermodynamics.
- 2. For an equilibrium reaction, the forward reaction is exothermic. Discuss the effect of temperature in such reactions.
- 3. Discuss the Arrhenius concept of Acids and bases.
- 4. What are conventional solar cells?
- 5. Define Ignition Point.
- 6. What is the difference between LPG and LNG?
- 7. What is cracking in petroleum?

- 8. Write the name of the ore of (a) titanium and (b) cobalt.
- 9. Sodium acetate solution in water is slightly basic. Why?
- 10. What is the principle of distillation?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### SECTION - B

Answer any eight questions from the following. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. What is the enthalpy of the formation? What will be the standard enthalpy of a pure element?
- 12. Write Kirchoff's equation in thermodynamics. What are its applications.
- 13. Compare the bond energies of single, double and triple bonds.
- 14. Explain the smelting process.
- 15. Explain the term degree of hydrolysis.
- 16. Explain Van Arkel Process.
- 17. State and explain the Lewis theory of acids and bases.
- 18. A solution of acetic acid (pKa = 4.75) has a pH of 6.75. Find the ratio of acid to its conjugate base.
- 19. Why LPG is commonly used for domestic purposes when compared with CNG?
- 20. Explain the photosynthesis process.
- 21. Classify the petroleum product based on carbon range.
- 22. Discuss the use of hydrogen as fuel.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 



#### SECTION - C

Answer any six questions from the following. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. Discuss the common methods used for the preparation of metal from concentrated ore.
- 24. How coal is classified according to its carbon content?
- 25. What are buffer solutions? How they are classified? Give their applications.
- 26. Discuss the metallurgy of thorium.
- 27. Write a short note on nanostructured solar cells.
- 28. Why solar energy and its harvesting became more important?
- 29. Explain briefly the bond energies and bond dissociation energies.
- 30. Write a short note on the usage and depletion of petroleum products.
- 31. Explain the term metallurgy and what are its general principles.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### SECTION - D

Answer any two questions from the following. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. (a) Derive the relationship between the equilibrium constant and Gibbs free energy.
  - (b) Explain briefly on Pearson HSAB principle.
  - (c) Derive the relationship between Kp and Kc.



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33. (a) What is the enthalpy change of reaction for the reaction between chlorine and ethane that produces chloroethane and hydrogen chloride gases? Given

| Bond  | Enthalpy (kJ/mol) |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| C-H   | 413               |  |  |  |  |  |
| C-C   | 347               |  |  |  |  |  |
| CI-CI | 239               |  |  |  |  |  |
| H-CI  | 427               |  |  |  |  |  |
| C-CI  | 339               |  |  |  |  |  |

- (b) Explain the enthalpy of (i) neutralization (ii) solution, and (iii) hydration. (6+9)
- 34. (a) Discuss the principle behind Electrometallurgy.
  - (b) Write a short notes on the preparation of (i) aluminium and (ii) sodium.

(5+10)

35. Derive the relationships between Kh and Kw for salts of (a) strong acid – strong base, and (b) Strong acid - weak base.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 

