| Reg. | No. | : |
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| Name | : | |

Fourth Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, July 2023 First Degree Programme under CBCSS Complementary Course

CO 1431/CX 1431/CC 1431/HM 1431 : BUSINESS STATISTICS

(Common for Commerce/Commerce and Tax Procedure and Practice/Commerce with Computer Application/Commerce and Hotel Management and Catering)

(2018 Admission Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

SECTION - A

Answer all questions in one or two sentences each. Each carries 1 mark.

- 1. Define statistics.
- 2. What is discrete variable?
- 3. What do you mean by population?
- 4. What is meant by distrust of statistics?
- Define quartile deviation.
- 6. What is positive correlation?



- 7. What do you mean by index numbers?
- 8. What is statistical unit?
- 9. What is analysis of time series?
- 10. What is secular trend?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - B

Answer any eight questions in not exceeding one paragraph. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. What are the different methods of sampling?
- 12. What do you mean by fixed base index numbers?
- 13. Distinguish between linear and non linear correlations.
- 14. How do you compute range and its coefficient?
- 15. What is concurrent deviation method?
- 16. List out the various measures of dispersion.
- 17. Distinguish between variables and attributes.
- 18. What is cost of living index?
- 19. What do you mean by standard error of estimate?
- 20. Write a note on factor reversal test.
- 21. What is stratified sampling?
- 22. Explain the law of statistical regularity.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. What are the properties of Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation?
- 24. Distinguish between correlation and regression.
- 25. What are the merits of the method of moving averages of obtaining trend?
- 26. Discuss the need of sampling.
- 27. What are the uses of index numbers?
- 28. Briefly explain the methods of measuring long term trend?
- 29. Compute 3 yearly moving average for the following data

Year 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Industrial accidents 103 79 69 64 47 32

30. Compute simple index number by aggregative method from the following data

Commodities Price in 2015 Price in 2020

| Α | 11 | 17 |
|---|----|----|
| В | 10 | 15 |
| С | 16 | 19 |
| D | 14 | 18 |
| E | 8 | 12 |

31. What are the problems in construction of index numbers?

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

32. Compute coefficient of correlation for the following data.

X 2 4 6 8 10 12 Y 16 14 13 11 9 6

33. From the following data, find the regression equation of y on x and compute the value of y if the value of x is 5

x 3 2 6 7 9 10 v 5 2 8 6 8 12 34. Following are the data related with the prices and quantities consumed for the years 2015 and 2020

| Commodity | 2015 | | 2020 | |
|-----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|
| | Price | Quantity | Price | Quantity |
| Α | 11 | 17 | 15 | 15 |
| В | 9 | 14 | 14 | 15 |
| С | 18 | 15 | 26 | 18 |
| D | 15 | 13 | 27 | 15 |

Construct price index numbers by

- (a) Laspeyre's method
- (b) Paasche's method
- (c) Bowly's Dorbish method
- (d) Fisher's method
- 35. Discuss the methods of collection of primary data.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

