'n	-	~	20		31
(1	a	u١	73	•	3)
٧.		_			

Reg. No.	:
Name:	••••••

First Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, April 2024

Physics/Physics with Specialization in Nano Science/Physics with specialization in Space Physics

PH 211/PHNS 511/PHSP 511 : CLASSICAL MECHANICS

(2020 Admission Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

PART - A

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

- What are cyclic co-ordinates? Show that the generalised momentum corresponding to a cyclic co-ordinate is conserved.
- 2. State and prove the conditions for the Hamiltonian H to represent the total energy of the system.
- What are constraints? Give Examples.
- 4. What is central force? Explain.
- 5. What are fundamental Poisson brackets?
- Explain action-angle variables.
- 7. What are strange attractors?
- 8. What is meant by covariant Lagrangian?

 $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

P.T.O.

Scanned with CamScanner

PART - B

Answer all questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 9. (a) Derive Lagrange's equations of motion from D'Alembert's principle.
 - (b) State and explain Kepler's laws of planetary motion.

OR

- 10. (a) Discuss the theory of small oscillations.
 - (b) Explain normal modes of vibration.
- 11. (a) Obtain Hamilton's canonical equations of motion using the definition of Hamiltonian

 $H = \sum p_i \dot{q}_i - L$ and show that H = T + V.

(b) State and explain Liouville's theorem.

OR

- 12. (a) Discuss the harmonic oscillation problem using Hamilton-Jacobi method.
 - (b) Evaluate the Poisson brackets
 - (i) $[J_x, J_y]$
 - (ii) $[J_y, J_z]$.
- 13. (a) Derive the Euler equation of motion for a rigid body.
 - (b) Explain the terms angular momentum and inertia tensor.

OR

- 14. (a) What are four vectors and tensors?
 - (b) Derive the Lorentz transformation equations.

 $(3 \times 15 = 45 \text{ Marks})$

PART - C

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 15. A particle of uniform mass moves in a potential $V(x) = ax^2 + \frac{b}{x^2}$ where a and b are positive constants. Find the angular frequency of small oscillations about the minimum of the potential.
- 16. If the Lagrangian of a particle moving in one dimension is given by $L = \frac{\dot{x}^2}{2x} V(x)$, Then find the Hamiltonian of the particle.
- 17. Evaluate the Poisson bracket $\{|\overrightarrow{H}|, |\overrightarrow{P}|\}$.
- 18. A canonical transformation relates the old co-ordinates (q, p) to the new ones (Q, P) by the relations $Q = q^2$ and $P = \frac{p}{2q}$. Obtain the corresponding time independent generating function.
- 19. A constant force F is applied to a relativistic particle of rest mass m. If the particle starts from rest at t = 0, obtain its speed after a time t.
- 20. Write down the KdV equation and explain the terms involved. What is the importance of its solutions?

 $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ Marks})$

3

S – 6280 ੴ