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Reg. No. : ....

Name : .....

# Third Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, January 2023

## Physics

# PH 232 : ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY

# (2020 Admission Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

## PART - A

Answer any **five** questions, each question carries **3** marks.

- 1. Write the matrix representation of the following symmetry elements,  $\sigma(xy)$ , *i* and  $C_n(z)$ .
- 2. Arrive at an expression for the Lande *g*-factor
- 3. Explain Franck-Condon principle.
- 4. What are Auger electrons? What information one can derive from the Auger spectrum?
- 5. Distinguish between overtones and hot bands in vibration spectra.
- 6. Briefly discuss the two types of relaxations in NMR.
- 7. Distinguish between progression and sequence.
- 8. Discuss the factors influencing the intensities of spectral lines.

(5 × 3 = 15 Marks)

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### PART – B

Answer three questions, each question carries **15** marks.

- 9. (a) Distinguish between normal and anomalous Zeeman effects.
  - (b) Sketch the anomalous Zeeman pattern for the sodium  $D_1$  and  $D_2$  lines.

### OR

- 10. (a) Explain Photoelectron spectroscopy. Discuss the information derived from this technique.
  - (b) What is X-ray fluorescence? Explain how XRF is useful for the characterization of materials?
- 11. (a) What is finger print region and explain its relevance in the structure determination of molecules.
  - (b) With necessary theory discuss the vibration spectrum of a symmetric top molecule.

### OR

- 12. (a) Discuss the formation of PQR branches in the electronic spectrum of diatomic molecules.
  - (b) What is Fortrat diagram? Explain the terms band-head and band-origin.
- 13. (a) Discuss the principle of Mossbauer spectroscopy.
  - (b) Explain quadrupole and magnetic hyperfine interactions in Mossbauer spectroscopy.

### OR

- 14. (a) Discuss the classical theory of Raman effect.
  - (b) Explain how Raman and IR spectroscopy is used for the structure determination of  $H_2O$  and  $CO_2$  molecules.

 $(3 \times 15 = 45 \text{ Marks})$ 

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### $\mathsf{PART} - \mathsf{C}$

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 15. Arrive at the character table for  $C_{3v}$  point group.
- 16. Find the spectral terms arising out of the LS coupling between a *p*-electron and a *d*-electron.
- 17. The rotational spectrum of <sup>79</sup>Br<sup>19</sup>F shows a series of equidistant lines 0.71433 cm<sup>-1</sup> apart. Calculate the rotational constant B and hence the moment of inertia and bond length of the molecule.
- 18. The fundamental band of HCl is found at 2886 cm<sup>-1</sup>. Calculate the wave numbers of the first line of P and R branches. The bond length of HCl molecule is 1.276 Å.  $\mu$ HCl = 1.6275 × 10<sup>-27</sup>Kg.
- 19. An ESR spectrometer operates at 24 GHz. Find the magnetic field used. Sketch out the hyperfine structure of hydrogen atom Zeeman lines and the transitions involved.
- 20. Find the maximum populated rotational quantum number at 300K for a molecule with rotational constant 10.59 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

 $1 \text{ a m u} = 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ Kg.}$ 

 $h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} JS$ 

 $k = 1.381 \times 10^{-23} \text{ JK}^{-1}$ 

 $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ Marks})$ 

