Fourth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, February 2022 First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Chemistry

Core Course

CH 1441: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY I

(2019 Admission)

Special Examination

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

SECTION - A

Answer all questions. Answer in one word to maximum two sentences. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Give an example of art electrophile and nucleophile.
- 2. Give the secondary suffix name of the following groups:
 - (a) -COOH,
 - (b) -COCI
- Explain homolysis and heterolysis with examples.
- 4. What is electromeric effect?
- 5. Phenol is acidic or basic? Explain the reason.

- 6. Propene on addition with HBr in presence of peroxide gives?
- 7. What is a chiral carbon?
- Explain centre of symmetry.
- 9. Draw the structure of Malachite green.
- 10. Write the structure of a non benzenoid molecule obeying Huckel's rule.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - B

Short answer type. Answer any eight questions from the following. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Methylamine is more basic than ammonia. Explain.
- 12. Distinguish between inductive and electromeric effects.
- 13. Give the mechanism of unimolecular elimination.
- 14. What is peroxide effect? Illustrate with an example.
- 15. What happens when chloro benzene is treated with sodamide in ammonia?
- 16. Draw the sawhorse projection formulae of ethane.
- 17. Explain the following:
 - (a) Dihedral angle
 - (b) Torsional strain
- 18. Draw the stereoisomers of tartaric acid.

- 19. Explain optical activity in biphenyls.
- 20. Draw the Fischer projections for all possible stereoisomers of:

C₆H₅-CH (NH₂) COOH

- 21. How will you synthesize methyl orange?
- 22. What are chromophores? Explain with an example.
- 23. Explain Norrish type I process.
- 24. Explain the reaction between benzene and benzoylchloride in the presence of anhydrous AICI₃.
- 25. Explain the heat of hydrogenation and stability of beuzene.
- 26. Explain the stability of cyclopentadienyl anion according to Huckel's theory.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - C

(Short essay type. Answer any **six** questions from the following. **Each** question carries **4** marks.)

- 27. Write briefly on
 - (a) Substitution
 - (b) Addition
 - (c) Elimination
 - (d) Rearrangement reactions.

- 28. (a) Give the IUPAC name of the following:
 - (i) H₃C-CH=CH-CH (NH₂)-CH₂-CHO
 - (ii) CH₃-CH (CH₃)-CH(CI)-COOH
 - (b) Give the structural formulae for the following:
 - (i) Methyl-5-bromo-3-methylhexanoate
 - (ii) 3-Methyl-5-hydroxy -3-hexenal
- 29. Write a short note on electrometric effect.
- 30. What are free radicals? How are they formed? Discuss the geometry and relative stabilities.
- 31. State Markownikoff's rule. Illustrate giving an example.
- 32. Write an account on Hofmann's elimination.
- 33. Explain geometric isomerism in maleic and fumaric acids.
- 34. Explain the difference between diastereomers and enantiomers.
- 35. Write a note on photodimerization and photosensitization.
- 36. Give the synthesis and any one application of fluorescein.
- 37. Write the mechanism for the nitration of benzene.
- 38. Explain the greater reactivity of α -position compared to β -position towards electrophilic substitution in naphthalene.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 39. (a) Explain hyperconjugation and its significance in explaining the physical and chemical properties of organic molecules.
 - (b) What are carbocations and carbanions? How are they formed? Discuss their geometry and relative stabilities. (7.5+7.5 Marks)
- 40. (a) Give the mechanisms of E1 and E2 reactions?
 - (b) Discuss the mechanism, stereochemistry and kinetics of SN₁ and SN₂ reaction for the hydrolysis of alkyl halides. (5+10 Marks)
- 41. Discuss the conformations of the following organic compounds.
 - (a) n-Butane
 - (b) Cyclohexane.

(7.5+7.5 Marks)

- 42. (a) What is meant by racemic mixture? What is resolution? Discuss any two methods for resolving a racemic mixture.
 - (b) Write a note on chirality and elements of symmetry.

(6+9 Marks)

- (a) Explain the theories to explain relationship between colour and constitution of dyes.
 - (b) What are the difference between photochemical reactions and thermal reactions?
 - (c) Explain the classification of dyes based on constitution.

(5+5+5)

- 44. (a) Explain why naphthalene is more reactive than benzene.
 - (b) Discuss the orbital structure of naphthalene.
 - (c) Elimination addition mechanism.

(6+4+5 Marks)

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$