M - 1484

| (Pages | : | 4) |
|--------|---|----|
|--------|---|----|

| Reg. No. | : | ••••• | ••••• | <br>••••• |  |
|----------|---|-------|-------|-----------|--|
| Name ·   |   |       |       |           |  |

# Fifth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, December 2021 First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

## Chemistry

## **Core Course**

## CH 1542 : INORGANIC CHEMISTRY – III (2014 & 2016 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

#### SECTION - A

Answer **all** questions. **Each** question carries **1** mark.

- 1. Ti<sup>3+</sup> ion exhibits purple colour. Give reason.
- 2. Transition metals and their compounds have good catalytic properties. Given one compound used as catalyst.
- 3. Mention any two applications of coordination compounds in quantitative analysis.
- 4. Calculate the EAN of manganese atom in Mn<sub>2</sub> (CO)<sub>10</sub>.
- 5. Calculate CFSE for a low spin octahedral complex having d<sup>6</sup> electronic configuration.
- 6. Give two examples for ionic organometallic compounds.
- 7. Mention any two applications of silicon rubber.

- 8. What are Silicides? Give any one example.
- 9. Mention two uses of carbides in industry.
- 10. What is Inorganic Benzene?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

## SECTION - B

Answer **any eight** questions. **Each** question carries **2** marks.

- 11. Why this is difficult to oxidize Mn (II) to Mn (III)?
- 12.  $[Fe (CN)_6]^{4-}$  and  $[Fe (H_2O)_6]^{2+}$  are of different colors in dilute solutions. Why?
- 13. Which of the following complex ion is LS and which is HS?
  - (a)  $[CoF_6]^{3-}$
  - (b)  $[Rh (NH_3)_6]^{3+}$  Explain.
- 14. What is Chelate effect?
- 15. What are HNCC and LNCC? Give one example for each.
- 16. Give any four similarities of pseudo halogens and halogens.
- 17. What are sigma bonded organometallic compounds? Give one example.
- 18. Name two oxides of Phosphorous. Draw the structures of these.
- 19. What are inner and outer orbital complexes as per VBT? Illustrate with suitable examples.

2

- 20. Give the geometry and the structure of the compound IF<sub>5</sub>.
- 21. Draw the structures of XeF<sub>6</sub> and XeO<sub>3</sub>.
- 22. Explain the structure of  $B_4H_{10}$ .

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 

## SECTION - C

Answer **any six** questions. **Each** question carries **4** marks.

- 23. What is lanthanide contraction? Mention its consequences.
- 24. Explain the preparation, properties and uses of K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>.
- 25. Illustrate structural isomerism in co-ordination compounds with suitable example.
- 26. Discuss on factors affecting stability of complexes.
- 27. Write a short note on the biochemistry of Magnesium and calcium.
- 28. What is Zeise's salt? Explain the bonding in it.
- 29. Write a short note on cooperativity and Bohr Effect in oxygen transport.
- 30. Discuss briefly the biological function and toxicity of the following elements:
  - (a) Cu
  - (b) Zn
  - (c) Cr
  - (d) Hg
- 31. Discuss on different types of silicates.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### SECTION - D

Answer **any two** questions. **Each** question carries **15** marks.

32. Explain crystal field theory. How does it differ from the valence bond theory? How does this theory account for the fact that  $[CoF_6]^{3-}$  is paramagnetic but  $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$  is diamagnetic though both are octahedral.

3 **M – 1484** 

- 33. Explain the characteristics of d-block elements in detail.
- 34. Briefly explain the preparation, structure and bonding in ferrocene.
- 35. (a) Discuss briefly on Phosphorous based polymers.
  - (b) Write a short note on zeolites.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 

4 **M – 1484**